Douglas Szymanski

November 9, 2015

HIST 390

**Map**:

<http://formaurbis.stanford.edu/>

[](http://formaurbis.stanford.edu/fragment.php?record=1&field0=stanford&search0=10g&op0=and&field1=all)

Map Analysis:

1. Type of Map: artifact
2. Physical Qualities of map: scale
3. Date of Map: 203-211 CE
4. Creators of Map:  no one is credited, just Roman but indications show it was repaired under Septimius Severus (193-211 CE).
5. Where was the map produced: ancient Rome
6. Map information:

A. Important factors

a. covered an entire wall inside the Templum Pacis in Rome

b. beginning of the 3rd cent

c. 150 slabs were arranged in 11 rows

B. Reason it was created:  utilitarian purpose, or a decorative showpiece.

C. What in Map suggests this: overall size

D. What information does the map add to text material:

E. Does Map support or Contradict information already obtained: Informs of locations of street and shops (streets still in existence)

F. Question the mapmaker:

I would want to know if the map served a military or agricultural purpose.

**Photo**:

Victim of 79 A.D. eruption of Mt. Vesuvius



Photographed by: Douglas Szymanski, May 2, 2011.

Photograph Analysis Worksheet

1. People: one person fossilized in ash

Object: increased thickness where a shirt may have been

Activities: person appears to have been lying down, covering face

1. Inferences:
2. person was wearing clothes
3. person was lying down
4. person had time to react/cover face before they became unresponsive and died
5. Questions:
6. The photograph makes me question how long the effects of the ash took to overcome the populous.
7. The only account I have ever read about is the retelling of event by Plinny the Younger. Researching the topic through ebsco or even google scholar may reveal some results.